# **SMOG Filter** – general filtration of dusts and gases









**SMOG Filter-400** 

**SMOG Filter-800** 

**SMOG Filter-1200** 

**SMOG Filter-2400** 

## **Purpose**

SMOG Filter absorbers are efficient solutions for cleaning the air from vapour, gas and dust particles in chemical-, biological labs, analytical labs, during the grinding or laser cutting of rubber, plywood, plexi, acryl and other plastics. Especially, they are applied in processes where annoying smell is emitted, e.g. during gluing or while using various types of aerosols. Additionally, SMOG Filter absorbers efficiently absorb tobacco smoke and contaminations contained in the smog that has infiltrated into the room from the environment. Do not use the appliance in areas of explosion hazard, where explosive atmosphere can occur.

### **Structure**

SMOG Filter absorber consists of following elements:

- housing of steel sheet,
- fan placed in the lower part of the device, at the side of clean air.
- Paint-Stop filter,
- high-efficiency HEPA filter class H13,
- cassette with granulate of active carbon,
- pressure control to signalise the excessive flow resistances of the HEPA filter,
- control unit,
- suction cover (on demand).

## **Operational Use**

SMOG Filter absorbers provide a full recirculation of the extracted air. The device inlet can be connected with a local exhaust, with a system of general ventilation or equipped with a suction cover. In all configurations, the drawn in air returns into the room through a perforated outlet surface (underneath the device), after the filtration. The cassettes with granulated active carbon, efficiently absorb the majority of harmful chemical compounds as styrene, toluene, alcohols, phenol and many others. Dust pollutants are captured by the high-efficiency HEPA filter. At the moment when the HEPA filter reaches its limit pollution degree, the signalling lamp indicates the filter replacement necessity. Active carbon absorptiveness for different vapours and gases is presented on next page.

The maintenance of device consists in:

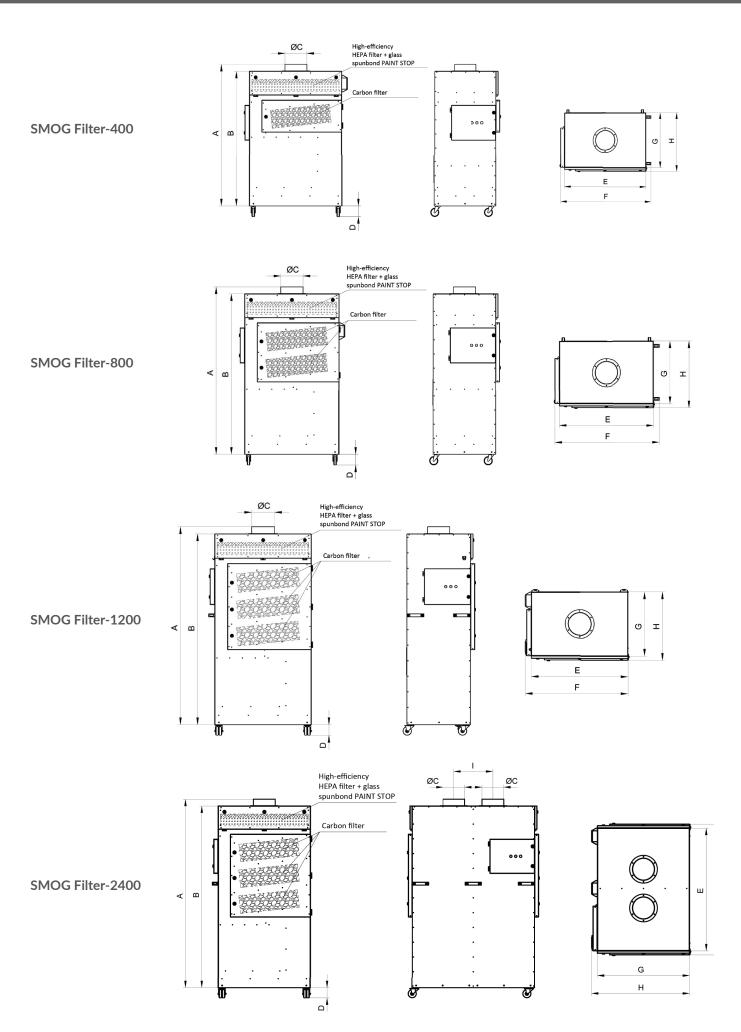
- periodical replacement of the HEPA filter as indicated by signaling lamp,
- periodical replacement of cassettes with active carbon depending on the organoleptic evaluations of User,
- periodical replacement of the Paint-Stop filter.

### **Technical Data**

Туре	Part No.	Maximum volume flow [m³/h]	Maximum vacuum [Pa]	Motor rate [kW]	Supply voltage [V/Hz]	Acoustic pressure level [dB(A)]*	Weight [kg]
SMOG Filter-400	801030	500	940	0,25	230/50	57	136
SMOG Filter-800	801031	800	940	0,25	230/50	57	182
SMOG Filter-1200	801032	1200	1270	0,37	230/50	59	228
SMOG Filter-2400	801033	2350	1750	1,1	230/50	68	365

<sup>\*</sup> Acoustic pressure level measurement has been carried out in distance of 1 m from the device.

## **SMOG Filter**

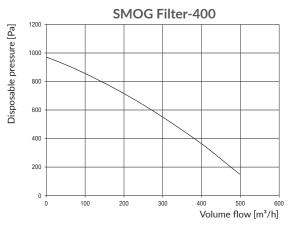


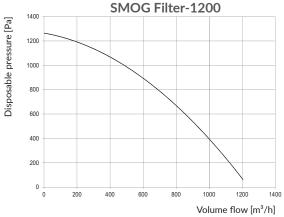
## **SMOG Filter**

# Dimensions

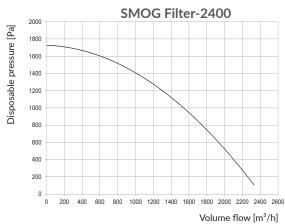
Туре	A [mm]	B [mm]	ØC [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	F [mm]	G [mm]	H [mm]	I [mm]
SMOG Filter-400	1275	1210	Ø 200	95	850	940	565	600	-
SMOG Filter-800	1505	1440	Ø 200	95	850	940	565	600	-
SMOG Filter-1200	1735	1670	Ø 200	95	850	900	565	600	-
SMOG Filter-2400	1735	1670	Ø 200	95	1130	1200	850	900	560

## Flow charts





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## Replaceable parts

#### High-efficiency HEPA filter

	Туре	Part No.	Weight [kg]	Dimensions AxBxH [mm]	Class	Quantity of filters	Purpose	Filtration material
A	FW-SF	FW-SF 852F01	F01 3,2	900,525,90	LI12	1	SMOG Filter- 400, 800, 1200	Hydrophobic paper of
8	1 77-51	032101	5,2	0000333000	800x535x80 H13 2		SMOG Filter-2400	glass-fibre 99,95%.

#### Cassette with active carbon

<b>A</b> :::::::	Туре	Part No.	Weight [kg]	Dimensions AxBxH [mm]	Quantity	Purpose	Remarks
A	WA-ECO-20	838K98	24*		1	SMOG Filter-400	
				534x534x155	2	SMOG Filter-800	Cassette of cardboard
					3	SMOG Filter-1200	and plywood
					6	SMOG Filter-2400	

\*Weight of the active carbon 20 kg.

Pre-filter								
B →	Туре	Part No.	Weight [kg]	Dimensions AxBxH [mm]	Class	Quantity of filters	Purpose	Filtration material
A	, DC CE	S-SF 852F02 0,5	0.5	800x535x50	G3	1	SMOG Filter- 400, 800, 1200	Glass spunbond with
	P3-3F		600x333X30	GS	2	SMOG Filter-2400	progressively growing density.	

## **SMOG Filter**

Suction cover								
D	Туре	Part No.	Weight [kg]	Diameter D [mm]				
	K-SF	810H70	0,7	450				

## Values of activated carbon absorption efficiency for various types of vapors and gases

High efficiency
ethyl acrylate – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
acrylo<sub>1</sub>itrile – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>3</sub>N
valericaldehyde – C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>1</sub>O
amyl alcohol – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O
butyl alcohol – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O
apilia, e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O
propyl alcohol – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O
apilia, e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O
apilia, e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O
— cellosolve – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O
— cellosolve – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O
— cellosolve – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>C
— cellosolve – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Cl
propyl chloride – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
mo<sub>1</sub>ochloride – C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
chlorobe<sub>1</sub>ze<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl
chlorobe<sub>2</sub>ze<sub>6</sub>e – C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl
chloroform – CHCl<sub>3</sub>
chlorofirin – CCl
NO
chloroform – CHCl<sub>3</sub>
chloropicrin – CCl
NO
chlorobetha<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl
cyclohexa<sub>1</sub>O<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O
tetrachloroetha<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Cl
tetrachloroethyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>7</sub>Cl
deca<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Cl
dichlorobe<sub>1</sub>ze<sub>6</sub>e – C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl
dichlorobethyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl
dichlorobethyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl
dichloroethyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>1</sub>Cl
dichloroethyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>1</sub>Cl
dichlorothyle<sub>1</sub>e – C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>1</sub>Cl
dichloroethyle – C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>1</sub>Cl
dichlorothyle – C<sub>8</sub>

dipropyl keto,e - C,H<sub>14</sub>O
methyl butyl keto,e - C,H<sub>12</sub>O
methyl siobutyl keto,e - C,H<sub>12</sub>O
methyl siobutyl keto,e - C,H<sub>12</sub>O
methyl ethyl keto,e - C,H<sub>12</sub>O
methyl ethyl keto,e - C,H<sub>12</sub>O
cresol - C,H<sub>10</sub>O
cresol - C,H<sub>10</sub>O
croto,aldehyde - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
croto,aldehyde - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
croto,aldehyde - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
caprylic acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
caprylic acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
butyric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
butyric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
suric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
uric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
butyric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
butyric acid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
coh
methyl cacid - C,H<sub>2</sub>O
coh
methol - C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O
ethyl mercapta, - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>S
propyl mercapta, - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>S
propyl mercapta, - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>S
- methyl cellosolve acetate - C,H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
methylcyclohexa,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>A
methylcyclohexa,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>A
methylcyclohexa,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>A
mitrobe,ze,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>NO
nitroetha,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>NO
nitropina,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>NO
no,a,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>O
butyl acetate - C,H<sub>3</sub>NO
no,a,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>O
cotale,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>O
porpyl acetate - C,H<sub>1</sub>O
cotale,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>N
dimethylsulphate - C,H<sub>3</sub>O
skatole - C,H<sub>3</sub>N
dimethylsulphate - C,H<sub>3</sub>O
skatole - C,H<sub>3</sub>N
styre,e mo,omer - C,BH
turpe,Tine - C,OH<sub>16</sub>
mesityl oxide - C,H<sub>1</sub>O
tolue,e - C,H<sub>3</sub>N
trichloroethyle,e - C<sub>2</sub>HCl<sub>3</sub>

Average efficiency
aceto<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O
acetyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>
acrolei<sub>n</sub> - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O
butyraldehyde - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O
ethyl alcohol - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH
methyl alcohol - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH
be<sub>n</sub>ze<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
ethyl bromide - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Br
methyl bromide - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Br
butadie<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
chlori<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>1</sub>
ethyl chloride - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
v<sub>1</sub>N<sub>2</sub> chloride - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
v<sub>1</sub>N<sub>2</sub> chloride - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
v<sub>2</sub>Clohexe<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
dichlorodifiluorometha<sub>n</sub> - CCl<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>
diethyl ami<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N
carbo<sub>n</sub> disulphyde - CS<sub>2</sub>
ether - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O
ethyl formate - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
isopre<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
isopre<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
isopre<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
ethyl formate - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>0</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
methyl formate - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>0</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
nethyl formate - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>0</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
nethyl acetate - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
pe<sub>n</sub>ta<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
pe<sub>n</sub>ty<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>8</sub>

Low efficiency
acetaldehyde - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O
ammo<sub>n</sub>ia - NH<sub>3</sub>
hydroge<sub>n</sub>, bromide - HBr
buta<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O
butyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O
butyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
buty<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
hydroge<sub>n</sub>, chloride - HCl
hydroge<sub>n</sub>, chloride - HCl
hydroge<sub>n</sub>, chloride - HCN
nitroge<sub>n</sub> dioxide - NO<sub>2</sub>
sulphur dioxide - SO<sub>2</sub>
hydroge<sub>n</sub>, fluoride - HF
formaldehyde - CH<sub>2</sub>O
propa<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
propyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
propyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
propyle<sub>n</sub>e - C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
propyle<sub>n</sub>e - Sele<sub>n</sub>ide - H<sub>2</sub>Se
hydroge<sub>n</sub> sulphide - H<sub>2</sub>Se
hydroge<sub>n</sub> sulphide - SO<sub>3</sub>